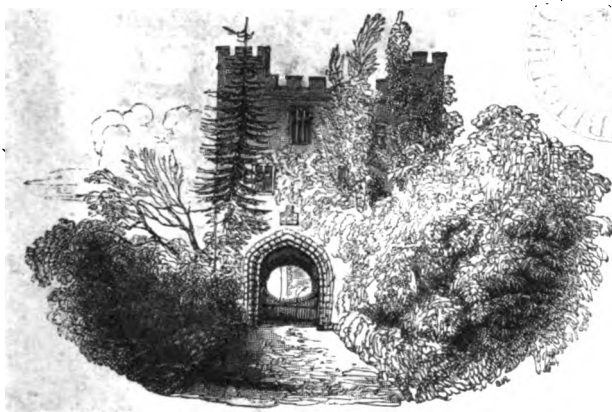


34.1860

HISTORY
OF THE
HUNDRED OF CARHAMPTON,
IN THE COUNTY OF SOMERSET,

FROM THE BEST AUTHORITIES,

By JAMES SAVAGE,
AUTHOR OF THE HISTORY OF TAUNTON.



The Gateway, Dunster Castle.

BRISTOL:
WILLIAM STRONG, CLARE STREET,
AND ALSO
BY LONGMAN, REES, ORME, BROWN, & GREEN; AND
NICHOLS AND SON, LONDON.

MDCCCXXX.

Harptree-Gournay, of whom the present earl of Egmont is the lineal and direct representative.

Maurice de Gaunt was twice married, but left no issue by either marriage. He died in the fourteenth year of King Henry III. (1229) and the estates of his mother devolved upon Sir Andrew Luttrell, and Irnham, in Lincolnshire, being the chief of them, became the head of his barony and his principal seat.⁶

GEOFFREY LUTTRELL, SECOND BARON OF IRNHAM.

Geoffrey Luttrell, second baron of Irnham, became in the decline of life *non compos mentis*, and was in custody of his brother Alexander, who in the fifty-fourth year of King Henry III. was signed with the cross, for the crusade, together with Prince Edward, the king's eldest son, and many of the nobility.⁷

SIR ROBERT LUTTRELL, KNIGHT, THIRD BARON OF IRNHAM.

Sir Robert Luttrell, knight, the third baron of Irnham, lord of Hutton-Paganel in Yorkshire, Luttrellstown in Ireland, &c. was the son of Geoffrey, by a

⁶ Monast. A. vol. iii. p. 74.

⁷ In 1236, there was a Robert Luttrell, who was treasurer of St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, and Lord Chancellor of Ireland. In the thirteenth and fourteenth centuries the family of Luttrell were great benefactors to the monks and college of Sempringham, in the county of Lincoln.—See PRICK'S Hist. of Stamford, and DUGDALE'S Mon. Angl.

daughter of William de Grey.⁸ In the fifth year of King Edward I. (1277) Robert Luttrell, "Serviens," acknowledged the service of two knight's fees in Hutton and Irnham, performed by himself and "three servi-entes," in the expedition against Llewellyn, prince of Wales; and was to attend the muster before the constable and earl-marshal at Worcester, on the first of July. And in the tenth of the same reign, (1282) he was again summoned to perform military service against the Welch, and to attend the muster at Worcester on the 17th of May. In the fifteenth of the same reign, (1287) he was summoned to appear, with horses and arms, at a military council at Gloucester, before Edmund, earl of Cornwall, on the fifteenth of July. In the nineteenth of Edward I. he was summoned to go in person against the Scots, and to attend the muster at Norham on the 3rd of June; and in the twenty-second of the same reign he was ordered to attend the king upon urgent affairs immediately after the receipt of the writ, dated June 8. In the twenty-second of Edward I. (1294) he was excepted from the general summons of persons holding by military service, then ordered to be made for the king's expedition into Gascony. In the twenty-third of the same reign, (1295) he was summoned to parliament amongst the barons, and again in the following year.⁹ In the thirty-second

⁸ Esc. 25 Edw. I. No. 35.—Inq. post mort. Dom. Rob. Luttrell.—Dugdale's Bar. vol. i.

⁹ Palgrave's Writs of Mil. Summons, vol. i. p. 719.

year of the same king he had summons, among other great men, to attend the king, and advise in council touching important affairs of state, and on a resolution then taken for that monarch's expedition into France, had orders to be with horses and arms at Portsmouth, in September following. He had summons to parliament among the barons,¹⁰ in the year 1295, and died in 1297, twenty-fifth of Edward I. leaving Sir Geoffrey Luttrell, knight, his son and heir, then above twenty-one years of age; 2. Guy; and 3. Robert Luttrell, rector of Irnham, which Robert, about the year 1303,¹¹ gave to the priory of Sempringham, lands in Ketton and Cotesmore, in the county of Nottingham; Casterton, in the county of Rutland; and Stamford, in the county of Lincoln; to maintain three chaplains, one in the church of St. Andrew, of Irnham, another in the chapel of St. Mary, beneath the manor he gave in Stamford, and the third in the conventual church of Sempringham, celebrating for his soul, and to sustain scholars, studying divinity and philosophy at Stamford.¹²

The said Sir Robert Luttrell, the father, died seized of certain lands and tenements in Gamston and Bridgford, with the advowson of the church at the latter place, which he held of Robert de Tiptoft, by the service of half a knight's fee, and a capital messuage in Gamston, and twelve oxgangs of land which he held in demesne at Bridgford. He also held in Gamston five

¹⁰ Dugdale's Summons to Parl.

¹¹ Mon. Angl. vol. ii. p. 792.

¹² Thoroton's Nottinghamsh. by Throsby, vol. i. p. 119.

virgates of land of Annora de Pierpont, and five bovates in Huckenhall, belonging to the manor of Gamston.¹³

SIR GEOFFREY LUTTRELL, KNIGHT, FOURTH BARON
OF IRNHAM.

This Sir Geoffrey Luttrell, knight, fourth baron of Irnham, in the twenty-fifth of Edward I. (1297) was returned from the counties of Nottingham and Derby as holding lands or rents to the amount of £20 yearly value and upwards, either *in capite* or otherwise, and as such was summoned to perform military service in person, with horses and arms, in Scotland, and to attend the muster at Nottingham, on the 7th of July. And in the 28th of the same reign, (1300) he was returned from the Wapentakes of Strafforth and Tickhill, in the county of York, as holding lands or rents, either in capite or otherwise, to the amount of £40 yearly value and upwards, and as such was summoned to perform military service against the Scots, and to attend the muster at Carlisle on the 24th of June. And he was also returned in like manner from the county of Lincoln, and again in the following year.¹⁴

In the second and fifth years of King Edward II. he had summons to attend the royal army against the Scots, soon after which he was amerced among many

¹³ Esch. 25 Edw. I. n. 35.—Thoroton's Nottinghamsh. vol. i. p. 119.

¹⁴ Palgrave's Writs of Mil. Summons, vol. i. p. 719.

other powerful subjects.¹⁵ He was patron of the church of St. Andrew, at Irnham, and also of Christ Church, in the city of York.¹⁶ In the thirteenth of Edward II. by his deed dated at Irnham on the first Sunday after Trinity, he settled the manors of Gamston and Bridgford, with the advowson of the church of the latter place, with all his lands and tenements in Basingfield, and other places, which his mother, the Lady Joan, wife of Sir Robert Luttrell, held for her life, on Guy Luttrell during the life of the said Geoffrey, afterwards to Andrew, son of the said Geoffrey, and to Beatrice, his wife, daughter of Geoffrey Scrope, and the heirs of their bodies; for want of which to Geoffrey, brother of Andrew, and to Constance his wife, sister of the said Beatrice, and the heirs of their bodies, remainder to the right heirs of Geoffrey the father. There was a like settlement then made of Irnham and Saltby, and lands in Corby, Kesseby, and Haverthorp, in the county of Lincoln.¹⁷

The said Sir Geoffrey Luttrell married Agnes, daughter of Sir Richard Sutton, knight, and left issue three sons, Andrew, Geoffrey, and John.¹⁸ Sir Geoffrey, the

¹⁵ One of these, the Lord Furnival, pleaded against the amerçiamment, he not being an immediate feodatory of the crown. He set forth that he held the manor of Whystaw of the barony of Geoffrey Luttrell.—See MADOX'S *Hist. of the Exchequer*.

¹⁶ Drake's *Eboracum*.

¹⁷ Ex. Lib. Chart. transcript. de Terris Scropor. in *Biblioth. Cotton.* fol. iii. —Thoroton, vol. i. p. 119.

¹⁸ Inq. p. mort. Galf. Luttrell, knt. 19 Edw. III. No. 48.

second son, married Constance, daughter of Lord Scrope, but left no issue. He was one of the chief knights in the army of King Edward III. in Scotland in 1335.¹⁹

Sir Andrew Luttrell, knight, fifth baron of Irnham, lord of Hutton-Paganel, &c. married Beatrice, daughter of Sir Geoffrey Scrope, Lord Scrope, of Masham. He gave his manors of Saltby and Berhonby, in Leicestershire, to the abbey of Croxton.²⁰

Sir Andrew Luttrell, knight, sixth baron of Irnham, lord of Hutton-Paganel, East-Quantockshead, &c. son of the last Sir Andrew, married Hawisia,²¹ daughter of John le Despenser.²² It appears that this Sir Andrew settled the manors of Gamston and Bridgford, and the advowson of the church of the latter place, and all his lands in Bridgford, Gamston, Basingfield, Normanton, Torlaston, Keyworth, and Nottingham, on himself and Hawisia, his wife, and the heirs of their two bodies, remainder to his right heirs.²³ He died in the twenty-first of Richard I. (1397) leaving Sir Andrew, his son and heir.

Sir Andrew Luttrell, seventh baron of Irnham, who

¹⁹ In the reign of King Edw. II. flourished John Luttrell, Chancellor of the University of Oxford, from the year 1317 to 1324.—*Antiq. Oxford*.

²⁰ Lodge's *Peerage of Ireland*, vol. iii. p. 402.—*Segar's Bar*.

²¹ *Inq. p. mort. Andr. Luttrell*, chevalier.

²² *Lodge*, vol. iii. p. 403.

²³ Brother of Edmund, Lord le Despenser, and uncle to the earl of Gloucester.—*Thoroton*, vol. i. 119.—*Esch.* 14 Rich. II. n. 32.

dying²⁴ in the first year of Henry IV. left his estates to his son, Geoffrey Luttrell.²⁵

Sir Geoffrey Luttrell, eighth baron of Irnham, settled the manor of Bridgford, and the advowson of the church, on William Belers and others, and having no issue by his wife Maria, on his death, in the sixth of Henry V. (1417) the manors of Gamston and Bridgford, Hutton-Paganel, &c. and the barony of Irnham, descended to the Lady Hawisia de Belesby, relict of Thomas de Belesby, but then the wife of Geoffrey de Hilton, his sister and heiress.²⁶

This Lady Hawisia, by her first husband, Thomas de Belesby, had issue one son, Thomas, who died a minor in the first of Henry VI. and a daughter Elizabeth, heiress of her brother, married to John Pygot.²⁷ Her second husband was Geoffrey de Hilton, who was living in the sixth of Henry V. by whom she had one son, Geoffrey, living in the first of Edward IV. and a daughter Elizabeth. The last-mentioned Geoffrey Hilton, was fifteen years of age in the twelfth of Edward IV. and died without issue, leaving Elizabeth, his sister, then married to Richard Thymelby, esq. his heir; which Richard died seized of the moiety of the manors of Gamston and Bridgford, and the advowson

²⁴ His tomb, of wrought brass, is still to be seen in the church of St. Andrew, at Irnham.

²⁵ Lodge, vol. iii. p. 403.—Inq. post. mort. And Luttrell, 1 Hen. IV. No. 27.

²⁶ Thoroton, i. 119.

²⁷ Thoroton, i. 118.—Fin. Rot. 8 Hen. VI. m. 16.

of the church of the latter place, leaving issue Eleanor, married to Thomas Goodhall, and Sir John Thymelby, knight, his son and heir, then upwards of forty years of age. This Sir John married Margaret, daughter of John Boys, and died in the third of Edward VI. leaving Sir Richard Thymelby, knight, his son and heir, who married Katherine, daughter of Sir Robert Tyrwhitt, knight, and had John Thymelby, esq. married to Maria, daughter of George St. Paul, esq. This John Thymelby sold all his interest in the manors of Gamston and Bridgford to Sir Henry Pierpont, knt.²⁸

From the Thymelbys the manor and barony of Irnham was conveyed by a female to the family of Conquest, an heiress of which brought the manor, a few years since, to Lord Arundel of Wardour.²⁹

The Luttrells of Irnham, in right of marriage, quartered the arms of the following ancient barons of England, namely, Mowbray, earls of Nottingham and dukes of Norfolk; the Lords Hussie, Wake, D'Eincourt, and Tateshall.³⁰

LUTTRELLS OF EAST-QUANTOCKSHEAD.

It has already been mentioned that Sir Andrew Luttrell, first baron of Irnham, by a deed sealed with his seal, barry of four pieces, gave to his second son, Alexander Luttrell, the manor of East-Quantocks-

²⁸ Thoroton's Hist. of Nottinghamsh. by Throsby, vol. i. p. 118, 119, 120.

²⁹ Lodge, ii. p. 403.

³⁰ Lodge, iii. p. 403.